# IMPLANTS For Total Knee Replacement



# IMPORTANT PATIENT LEAFLET





READ CAREFULLY THIS LEAFLET BEFORE SURGERY.

IT CONTAINS IMPORTANT INFORMATION FOR YOU.

# WHAT IS IN THIS LEAFLET

# Page 2:

Intended use of the devices Warnings and precautions Reporting adverse events

## Page 3:

Devices description

Materials of the devices

Devices expected lifetime

# Page 4:

Contraindications
Possible side effects



AMPLITUDE

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# KEEP THIS LEAFLET

You may need to read it again. If you have any further questions, ask your surgeon.

If you experience any side effect, including **possible side effects not listed** in this leaflet, talk to your doctor or pharmacist. See page 4.

This leaflet has been written assuming the person receiving the implants is reading it .

## **INTENDED USE**

The Total Knee system is intended to replace the natural knee joint (knee arthroplasty) through an artificial system.

Patients with a mature skeleton may be implanted with a total knee prosthesis in cases of severe joint pathology (cartilage wear, inflammation like arthritis or after an injury such as a bone fracture after a fall) and where other devices or treatments have failed.

Please ask your surgeon for details. The decision to implant a total knee prosthesis is left to the surgeon after evaluation of the risk/benefit balance and after discussion with you.

#### WARNING AND PRECAUTIONS

You must be informed the factors that could compromise the success of the surgery and post operative results :

- Overweight;
- Case history detailing infections and/or falls;
- Metabolic disorders that reduce your resistance or induce progressive bone deterioration;
- Local bone tumours;
- Severe bone deformities:
- Severe osteoporosis;
- Playing sports intensively;

- Playing risky sports or engaging in risky activities;
- Addictive behaviour.

# SPECIFIC WARNINGS & MRI INFORMATION

The materials used in your implant may trigger security gates/scanners. PLEASE INFORM PERSONNEL ABOUT YOUR IMPLANTED DEVICE.

Non-clinical testing demonstrated that the implants are **MR Conditional**. A patient with one of these devices can be scanned safely in a MR system under the following conditions:

- Static magnetic field of 1.5T or 3T for a 15min-procedure;
- Maximum spatial gradient field of 1,500 Gauss/cm;
- Normal operation mode only;
- The image artefact caused by the implants extends approximately 99mm from these implants. MR images may be blurred next to the implants.

	8.6°C orimetry WB-SAR of 3.27W/kg)	Maximum measured temperature rise with 1.5T MRI, for a 15min procedure	A
with 3T MRI, for a 15min procedure (calorimetry WB-SAR of 2.39W/kg)	9.9°C orimetry WB-SAR of 2.39W/kg)	Maximum measured temperature rise with 3T MRI, for a 15min procedure	



# **REPORTING ADVERSE EVENTS**

Any incident in relation to the device shall be reported to your surgeon, healthcare facilities or family doctor.

# YOU HAVE BEEN IMPLANTED WITH:

The surgeon needs to tick boxes corresponding to the devices you have been implanted with.

Associations with other devices have to be validated by Amplitude.

ANATOMIC® Femoral component - cementless	
ANATOMIC® Femoral component - cemented	
ANATOWIC Femoral component - cemented	
TIBIAL COMPONENTS	11.00
ANATOMIC® Tibial baseplate - cementless	
ANATOMIC® Tibial baseplate - cemented	•
ANATOMIC® Tibial fixed bearing insert	
ANATOMIC® Tibial augment - cemented	
Tibial augment for Total Knee Prosthesis - cemented	是限制
Extension stem for Total Knee Prosthesis - cemented	
PATELLAR COMPONENTS	
Resurfacing patellar implant - cemented	
Resurfacing patellar implant NM - cemented	
Asymmetric congruent resurfacing patellar implant - cemented	
Inset patellar implant - cemented	

## MATERIALS

Cobalt-Chromium alloy Co: 58.65% - 69% / Cr: 26.50% - 30.00% / Mo: 4.50% - 7.00% / Ni: ≤1.00% / Fe: ≤1.00% / Mn: ≤1.00% / Si: ≤1.00% / C: ≤0.35%	ANATOMIC® Femoral component - cemented ANATOMIC® Tibial baseplate - cemented
Cobalt-Chromium alloy Co: 58.65% - 69% / Cr: 26.50% - 30.00% / Mo: 4.50% - 7.00% / Ni: ≤1.00% / Fe: ≤1.00% / Mn: ≤1.00% / Si: ≤1.00% / C: ≤0.35%  Hydroxyapatite coating (Ca5(PO4)3OH: 100%) & titanium undercoating (Ti: >15.90% / O: ≤ 10.00% / N: ≤ 5.00% / Fe: ≤ 0.60% / H: ≤ 0.20% / C: ≤ 0.10%)	ANATOMIC® Femoral component - cementless ANATOMIC® Tibial baseplate - cementless
Polyethylene PE: 100%. Possible traces of Ti, Al, Ca, Cl.	ANATOMIC® Tibial fixed bearing insert Patellar components
Stainless steel Fe: 57.34% - 67.00% / Cr: 19.50% - 22.00% / Ni: 9.00% - 11.00% / Mn: 2.00% - 4.25% / Mo: 2.00% - 3.00% / Nb: 0.25% - 0.80% / Si: ≤0.75% / N: 0.25% - 0.50% / Cu: ≤0.25% / C: ≤ 0.08% / P: ≤0.03% / S ≤0.01%	Standard keel (provided with tibial baseplates - cemented or cementless)  ANATOMIC® Tibial augment - cemented  Tibial augment for Total Knee Prosthesis - cemented  Extension stem for Total Knee Prosthesis -
	cemented

## **DEVICES EXPECTED LIFETIME**

The ANATOMIC® total knee prosthesis expected survivorship is at least 95% at 10 years. This can be reduced or increased depending on your activity level or events that could compromise implants integrity (falls, accidents...). Please attend regular check-ups according to your surgeon's advice.

### **CONTRAINDICATIONS**

At the time of the surgery, these conditions are not recommended:

- Pregnancy and breastfeeding;
- Allergy to the implant materials;
- Infections;
- Severe mental, muscular, neurological or vascular deficiencies affecting the limb in question;
- Destruction of bone or poor bone quality which may affect stability of the implant;
- Highly localized arthrosis requiring osteotomy or unicompartmental arthroplasty;
- Anatomic disorder requiring a constrained or hinge prosthesis.

These conditions should be discussed with your surgeon. Any pathology (even if not listed above ) must be mentioned to your surgeon beforehand as well.

#### POSSIBLE SIDE EFFECTS

You must be informed about the side effects in relation with the device that might occur. Those recorded by Amplitude are all rare (lower than 1 per 1000 cases). Please consult your surgeon if any doubt.

- Heavy surgery, difficult recovery;
- Wounding of an important artery or a nerve in the lower limb;
- Disruption or rupture of the thigh tendons;
- Rupture of a thigh muscle;
- Clunk syndrome;
- Infection;
- Prolonged stiffness;
- Knee instability;
- Pain;
- Allergy to implants materials;
- Osteolysis;

Other events linked to the surgery can also occur:

- Phlebitis, fat or pulmonary embolism;
- Hematoma;
- Algoneurodystrophy;

- Wear of the prosthesis with the presence of debris, sometimes poorly tolerated by the surrounding muscles and tendons;
- Fracture of the bones;
- Dislocation, displacement or loosening of the prosthesis;
- Premature wear of joint surfaces;
- Breakage of the prosthesis material;
- Conflict between the components of the prosthesis during movement;
- Poor tolerance of muscles and tendons in contact with the prosthesis (conflicts, friction).
- Abnormal ossification;
- Poor healing of the bones.

You must also be aware of the risks and possible side effects of surgery - please ask your surgeon for further information.

After a joint replacement, you should pay attention during your daily life: any blow, fall or accident may **jeopardise your recovery or your implant lifetime**. Please ask your surgeon for further information.

